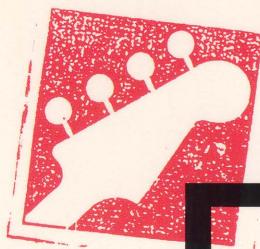


+ THE BEATLES +

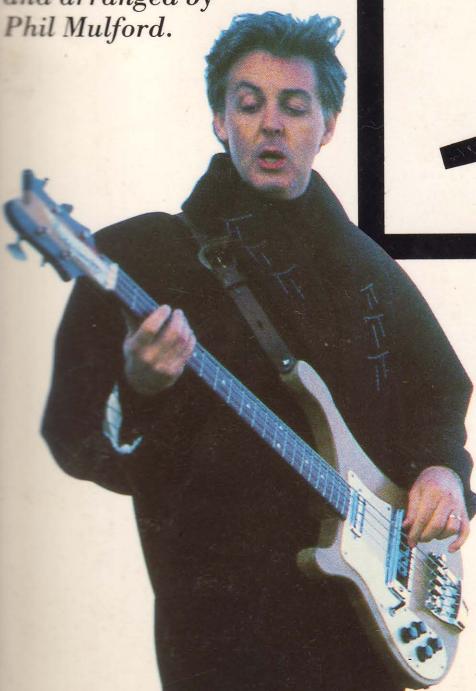
Basslines



This superb
folio contains
Paul McCartney's
bass lines from ten
of The Beatles'
greatest hits.

In standard
notation and bass
guitar tab, with
top line, lyrics and
chord symbols.
Featuring useful
playing hints and
background notes
on all of the songs.

*Transcribed
and arranged by
Phil Mulford.*



The Beatles

S T A N D A R D N O T A T I O N + B A S S T A B L A T U R E

Basslines

The Beatles

All My Loving 6
Get Back 20
Got To Get You Into My Life 10
Hey Jude 28
I Want To Hold Your Hand 34
Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band 46
Taxman 57
The Ballad Of John And Yoko 16
We Can Work It Out 40
With A Little Help From My Friends 51

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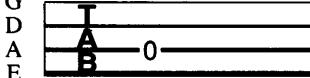
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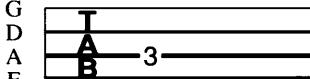
READING THE TRANSCRIPTIONS

The Bass Clef is written with standard notation, note values have been written as accurately as possible.

The Tab Notation (bottom stave) corresponds to the fret (the number) and the string (the line) which the fret position correlates to.

The four lines are:- Bottom line, the E string, the second bottom line is the A string, the third line, the D string and the top line the G string .

So e.g.1  means fret 0 on the A string = A

So e.g.2  means fret 3 on the A string = C

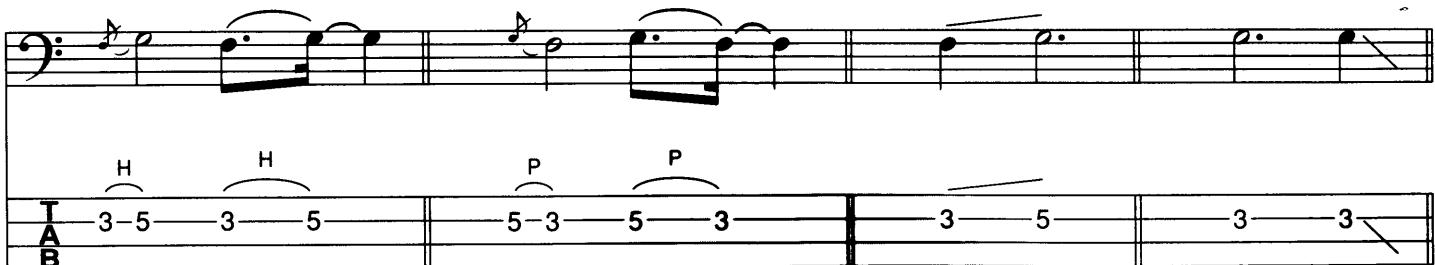
TAB KEY

HAMMER ON

PULL OFF

SLIDE

GLISS



Hammer a finger down on the next note without striking the string again.

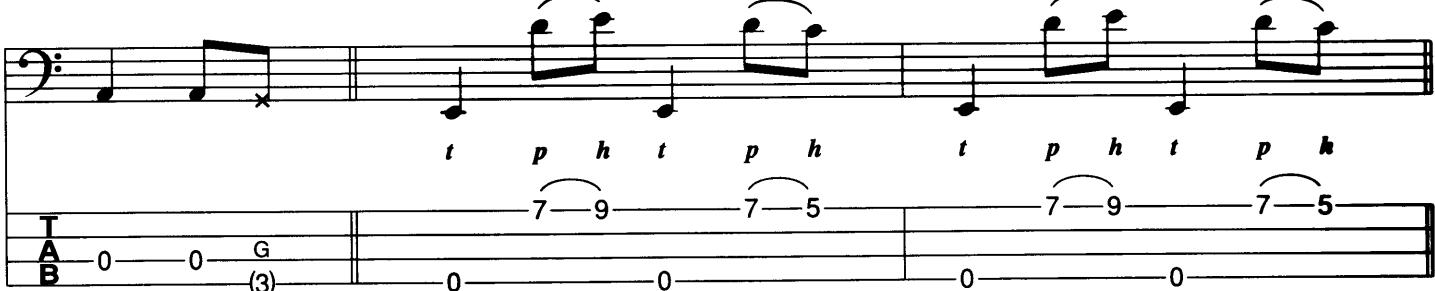
Pull your finger off the string with a plucking motion to sound the next note without striking the string again.

Play the first note then slide finger to the indicated note.

A slide, up or down, from a fixed pitch to an indeterminate pitch.

GHOST NOTE

SLAP



A struck note which is muted for rhythmic effect.

t : Slap string with thumb between pick-up and fingerboard.

p : Pull string up with either 1st or 2nd finger, allowing the string to 'slap' back on to the fingerboard.

h : Play the first note as instructed then sound the second note by hammering on or pulling off with a left-hand finger.

Preface

Paul McCartney's contribution to popular music since the early Sixties has been enormous. His songwriting talents and career have been well documented in the past, but relatively little has been said about his skill as a bass guitarist.

His style was born of an era when basic root-fifth vamps were about all a bass player had to contend with. Paul expanded on these, incorporating more 8th note (quaver) feels on tunes like 'Please Please Me', and walking quarter notes (crotchets) on 'All My Loving'. The quaver fills were influenced by many of the rock and roll tunes of the period. His attention to detail, particularly with regard to note lengths is a good example of his grasp of the concept of feel. No doubt this stems from his gift for composition, and his wider view of the song as a whole; he is clearly not just concerned with the bass part, and as a consequence the strength of his lines is that they are integral parts of the composition.

Paul McCartney set new standards in providing supportive bass lines with economy. His Lo-mid tone from the Hofner 'Beatle Bass' cut through on medium wave radio sets and Dansette record players to make lines such as those on 'Day Tripper' and 'I Want To Hold Your Hand' irresistible. They still sound great today; there is a breadth of style, from the highly improvisatory 'Get Back', to the regular riffs of 'Taxman' and 'The Ballad Of John And Yoko'.

More than a quarter of a century later these lines are still great examples to any bass player. In making these transcriptions I have tried to be as accurate as possible; you will find that the effort you put into learning them will reward you with a much better understanding of just what makes a great bass line.

Phil Mulford
London 1992

Equipment

Throughout most of his time with The Beatles, McCartney used two Hofner 500/1 'Violin' basses. One dates from about 1960 (this one had the logo 'Hofner' running down the head-stock, two pickups close to the neck joint and a scratch plate across the bottom half of the body). The second one was given to Paul at the Royal Variety Show in November 1963.

Later he started to use a Rickenbacker 4001 bass. **This can be heard on** some of the later material, most notably 'Lucy In The Sky With Diamonds' and 'With A Little Help From My Friends', on 'Sergeant Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band', which featured the bass with the rubber string **mutes** hard up against the strings for the characteristically heavily damped sound.

For amplification in the early period he used a home made system comprising of an open chassis valve amp with a huge cabinet, which hummed badly. An improvised setup of studio equipment was used on recordings.

Then came a variety of Vox equipment. The T60 transistor amp and matching cabinet feature a 15" and a 12" speaker (the 12" speaker had a low bass filter). This particular setup was called the 'piggy back'. On heavy gigs the T60 was prone to overheating, so on the major tours after 1964 an AC50 valve amp was used with the T60 cabinet.

By 1965 at Shea Stadium an AC100 was used (this was basically a hot-rodded AC50) with two T60 cabs. Paul used a Vox 4120 after touring stopped in August 1966. This featured a hybrid transistor pre-amp, a valve power amp with a 2 x 15" cab.

When Brian Epstein died in 1967 the band were freed from his promise to Vox that they would use that company's amplification exclusively. Paul was subsequently seen using a Fender Bassman setup during recordings in 1969.

All My Loving

Words and Music By
John Lennon & Paul McCartney

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A 'walking' four in a bar pattern, not the more typical two feel of the early Beatles. Note how the quick decay of the sound makes the notes well separated, and how the guitars, playing 12 quaver triplets to the bar, really drive the tune along. The first bar sets up the second in a smooth, scale-based fashion. Bar 5 (A) prepares nicely for the A major triad in bar 6 (A, C#, E). This is a very well constructed line.

A B E Verse

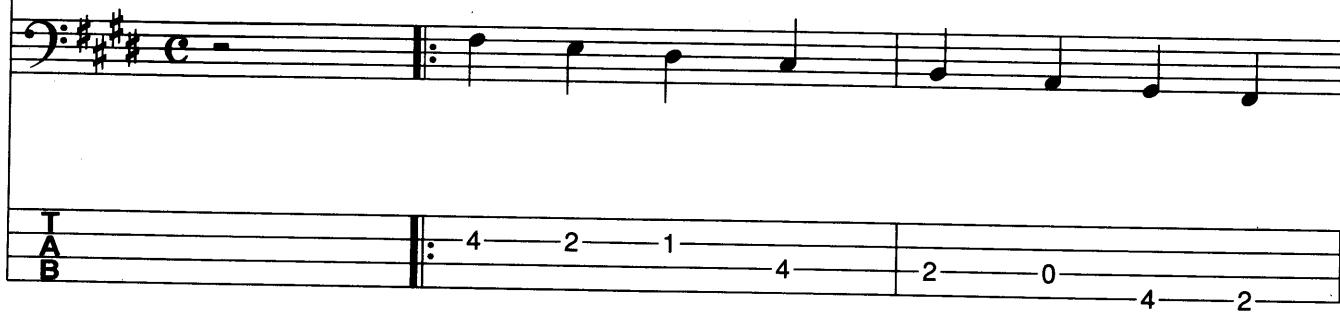
$\text{♩} = 158$

 (No Repeat)

F#m

B

1&3. Close your eyes _____
2. _____ and I'll kiss _____ you, _____ to the -



1&3. Close your eyes _____
2. _____ and I'll kiss _____ you, _____ to the -

A
B

4-2-1 4 2-0 4-2

E

C#m

A

F#m

- mor - row _____ I'll miss you, _____ re - mem - ber _____ I'll al - ways _____ be
lips I am miss - ing, _____ and hope that my dreams will come

3x

2x

2x



row _____ I'll miss you, _____ re - mem - ber _____ I'll al - ways _____ be
3x 2x 2x 3x (4) (4) (4) (4) 0 0 4 (2) 4 4 4

A
B

0-4-2-4 (4)-4-4-(4)-(4) 0-0-4-0 (2)-4-4-4

D

B7

F#m

B

true,
true,

And then while I'm a-way,

I'll write

T	0 - 0 - 0 - 0	-	4 - 2 - 1 -	-
A	-	2 - 2 - 2 - 2	-	4 -
B	-	-	2 - 0 -	4 - 2 -

E

C#m

A

B7

home ev - 'ry day, and I'll send all my lov - ing to you.

T	-	-	-	-
A	-	-	-	-
B	0 - 4 - 2 -	4 - 4 - 4 -	0 - 0 - 4 -	2 - 2 - 4 - 2 -

C Chorus 1

E

1.

2,3.

C#m

I'll pre - tend All my lov - ing, I

T	-	-	-	-
A	-	-	-	-
B	2 -	4 - 2 -	0 -	4 - 4 - 4 - 4 -

E+ E C[#]m

— will send to you, — All my lov - ing, — dar -

A musical staff with four measures. The first measure has notes at 3-3, 2, and 4. The second measure has notes at 2-2, 2-2, and 2. The third measure has notes at 2-2, 2, and 4-4. The fourth measure has notes at 4-4 and 4-4.

Musical score for "I'll Be True" in E major. The score includes a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a time signature of common time. The vocal line starts with "ling," followed by a melodic line with a grace note and a sixteenth-note cluster. The lyrics continue with "I'll _____" and "be true. _____". The score also includes a "Guitar cue" instruction. The vocal line concludes with a melodic line ending on a half note. The score is labeled "To Coda ♦" above the staff.

A musical score for a bassoon part, showing two measures. The key signature is A major (three sharps). The first measure consists of six eighth notes: the first three are grouped by a vertical bar line, and the last three are grouped by a horizontal bar line. The second measure begins with a single eighth note followed by a vertical bar line, indicating a repeat or a new section.

Fretboard diagram for the A major scale. The neck has 12 frets. Frets 1-6 are on the first string (A), frets 7-11 are on the second string (E), and fret 12 is on the third string (D). The scale pattern is: A (3) - B (3) - C (3) - D (4) - E (2) - F# (4) - G# (2) - A (0).

D Guitar solo

A musical score in G major (two sharps) and common time. The first measure, labeled 'A', consists of a quarter note followed by a eighth-note triplet. The second measure, labeled 'E', consists of a dotted half note followed by a eighth-note triplet. The third measure is a repeat of the second. The fourth measure is a rest. The fifth measure is a rest. The sixth measure is a rest.

A musical staff in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps. It consists of ten notes: a quarter note followed by nine eighth notes. The notes are grouped into measures by vertical bar lines.

The musical score consists of five measures. Measure 1 starts in F#m (two sharps) with a half note on the G string. Measures 2 and 3 continue in F#m with half notes on the G string. Measure 4 begins in B major (one sharp) with a half note on the G string. Measure 5 begins in E major (no sharps or flats) with a half note on the G string. The section concludes with a coda section labeled "D. & al ♂ Coda" and "No Repeat". A brace under the last two measures groups them together, and a bracket under the final measure indicates it is to be repeated.

A musical score for bass clef, common time, with a key signature of two sharps. The melody consists of eighth notes and rests, ending with a fermata over the last note.

Tablature for the first measure of the C major scale. The strings are numbered 1 (thinnest) to 6 (thickest). The notes are: string 6 (open), string 5 (4), string 4 (2), string 3 (1), string 2 (4), string 1 (open).

Coda ♀

E

C♯m

Music for two voices and basso continuo. The vocal parts sing "All my lov-ing," and the basso continuo part (A and B) plays a repeating pattern of eighth notes.

Vocal Lines:

- Top Voice (Soprano/Chest):** All my lov-ing,
- Bottom Voice (Alto/Tenor):** All my lov-ing,

Basso Continuo (Bassoon/Bassoon):

A	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4
B												

All _____

E

my lov - ing,

ooh, ooh, All my __

Vocal Lines:

- All _____
- my lov - ing,
- ooh, ooh, All my __

Basso Continuo (Bassoon/Bassoon):

A	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
B										

C♯m

E

lov - ing, __

I will send to you.

Vocal Lines:

- lov - ing, __
- I will send to you.

Basso Continuo (Bassoon/Bassoon):

A	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	2
B										

Got To Get You Into My Life

Words and Music By
John Lennon & Paul McCartney

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This song features a bouncy, four in a bar bass line with an underlying triplet pulse. The notes at bar 1 of (A) are not quite full value, but not staccato either (short, sharp, detatched). Watch for the quaver triplet fill in the sixth bar of each verse.

G

C

B

AC Verses 1&2

G

G¹¹

1. I was a - lone,____ I took a ride,_____ I did - n't know what I would find____ there._____
2. You did - n't run,____ you did - n't lie,_____ You know I wan - ted just to hold____ you,_____

2x

2x

B

G

An - oth - er road____ where may - be I_____ could see an - oth - er kind of mind____
And had you gone,____ you knew in time____ We'd meet a - gain for I had told____

B | D Bridge 1&2G^{II}

Bm

Bm/A[#]

Bm/A

Bm/G[#]

there.____
you.____

Ooh,____
Ooh,____

then I sud - den - ly see____ you, Ooh____
you were meant____ to be near____ me, Ooh____

Bm Bm/A[#] Bm/A Bm/G[#] C G/B Am⁷ D

did I tell____ you I need____ you,____
and I want____ you to hear____ me____

Ev - 'ry sin - gle day of my
Say we'll be to - - gether ev - 'ry

E Chorus 1

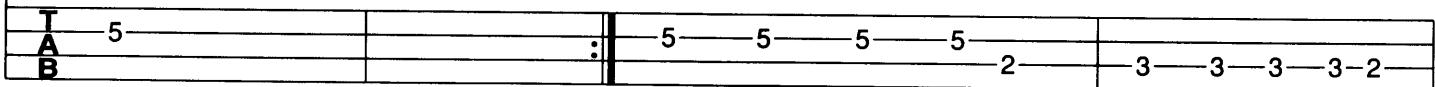
G

G

C

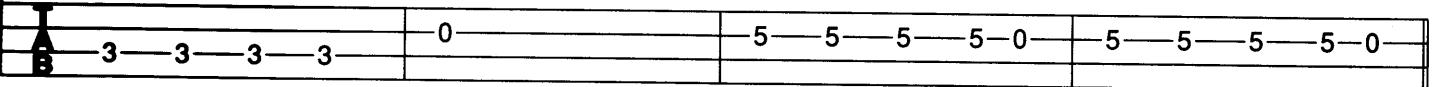
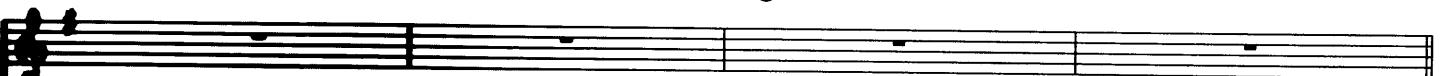
life? _____
day. _____

Got to get you in - to my life. _____



D

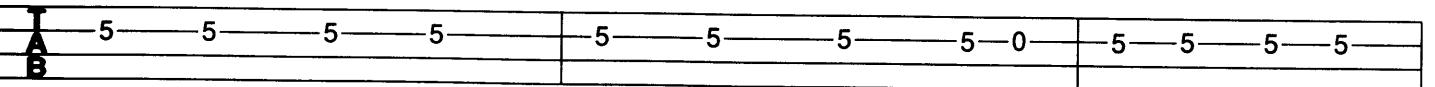
G

**F** Verse 3

G

G^{II}

What can I do,____ what can I be?_____ When I'm with you I want to stay_____ there._____



G

3 3 5

If I am true____ I'll ne - ver leave,____ And if I do I know the way____

3 3

A	5—5—0—5—5—0	5—5—5—5—0	5—5—5—0—3—5—5	3
B				

G Bridge 3G^{II}Bm Bm/A[#]

Bm/A

Bm/G[#]

there._____

Ooh,_____

then I sud - den - ly see you, Ooh____

A	5—5—5—5—5	—	2—2—1—1—1	0—0—0	4—4—4—4
B					

Bm

Bm/A[#]

Bm/A

Bm/G[#]

C

G/B

Am⁷

D

did I tell____ you I need____ you Ev - 'ry sin - gle day of my

A	2—2—1—1—1	0—0—0	3—3—2—2—2	0—0—0—0
B				

H Chorus 2

G

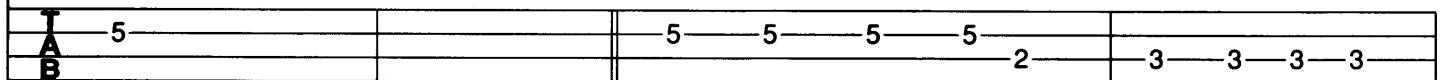
G

C



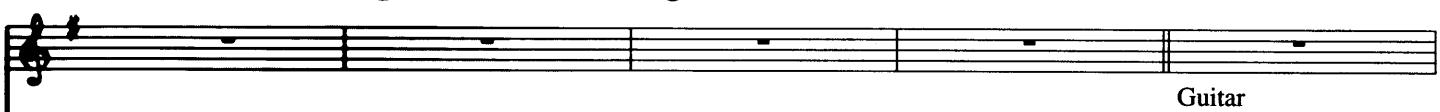
life?_____

Got to get you in - to my life._____

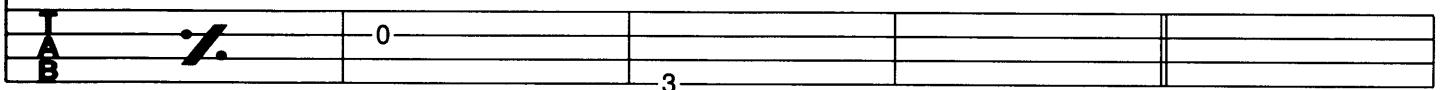
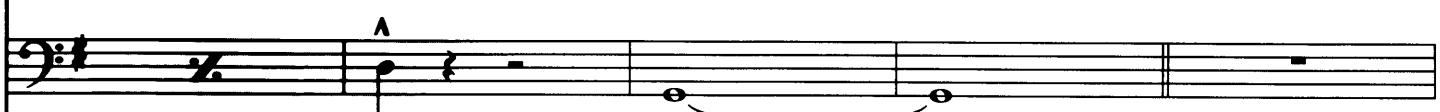


D

G



Guitar

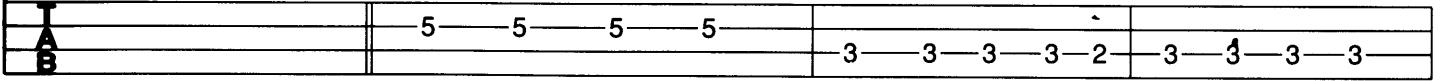
**J Chorus 3**

G

C



I got to get you in - to my life._____



D G

I was a - lone, I took a ride, I did - n't know -

T A B 0 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 5

G

what I would find there. An - oth - er road where may - be I could see an - oth -

T A B 5 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 0 5 5 5 0 3 5 3

G

-er kind of mind there. And sud - en - ly I see you,

T A B 5 5 5 5 0 5 5 5 0 3 5 3

G G

Did I tell you I need you.

Fade -----

T A B 5 5 5 3 5 5 5 3 2 0 3 3 3 1 0 0 3 3

The Ballad Of John And Yoko

Words and Music By
John Lennon & Paul McCartney

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A root - major 3rd - 5th pattern based line. Make sure you leave a 'breath' space between the first crotchet of each bar and the quaver on the point of the second beat; this gives the line a bounce. Then try playing the first crotchet long - it doesn't swing! This line is in fact one of Paul's most consistent lines. Make sure there is a constant feel throughout. The pattern only changes on bars 6-9 of the Coda where the dotted crotchet (beat 1) is long and the second beat is shorter.

J = 138

E

A B C E F

Verse

E

1. Stand - ing on the dock at South - amp -
2. Fin - ally made the plane
3. Par - is to the Am - ster - dam
4. Made a light- ning trip
5. Caught the earl - y plane

A B 0 - 4 2 - 4 - 2 | **C D E F G** 0 - 4 2 - 4 - 2 |

A B 0 - 4 2 - 4 - 2 | **C D E F G** 0 - 4 2 - 4 - 2 |

- ton, _____

Trying to get to Hol - land or France. _____

The

See block lyrics for verses 2 to 5

A B | **C D E F G** | **C D E F G** | **C D E F G** |

E7

man in the mac____ said you've got - ta go back, You know they did - n't ev - en give us a chance...

Chorus

A

— Christ you know it ain't ea - sy, — You know how hard it can be

E

B7

The way things are go - ing,

To Coda ♪
(Verse 5) E

(3x Only)

They're gon - na cru - ci - fy____ me.

(2) _____
(3) Drove from
(4) _____

D Bridge

A

Sav - ing up your mon - ey for a rain - y day, Giv - ing all your clothes to cha - ri - ty.

A 0 4 2-4-2

B 0 4 2-4-2

Last night the wife said, Oh boy, when you're dead, you

**D. al Ⓛ Coda
(With Repeat)**

B

don't take no - thin' with you but your soul _____ Think!

Drum cue

Coda Ⓛ

E

B

me. The way things are go - - ing,

E

They're gon - na cru - ci - fy me. Guitar cue

T
A
B

B

E

T
A
B

Verse 2:

Finally made the plane into Paris,
Honeymooning down by the Seine.
Peter Brown called to say,
You can make it OK,
You can get married in Gibraltar near Spain.
Chorus.

Verse3:

Drove from Paris to the Amsterdam Hilton,
Talking in our beds for a week.
The newspapers said, say what're you doing in bed,
I said we're only trying to get us some peace.
Chorus.

Verse 4:

Made a lightning trip to Vienna,
Eating choc'late cake in a bag,
The newspapers said,
She's gone to his head,
They look just like two Gurus in drag.
Chorus.

Verse 5:

Caught the early plane back to London,
Fifty acorns tied in a sack.
The men from the press said we wish you success,
It's good to have you both back.
Chorus.

Get Back

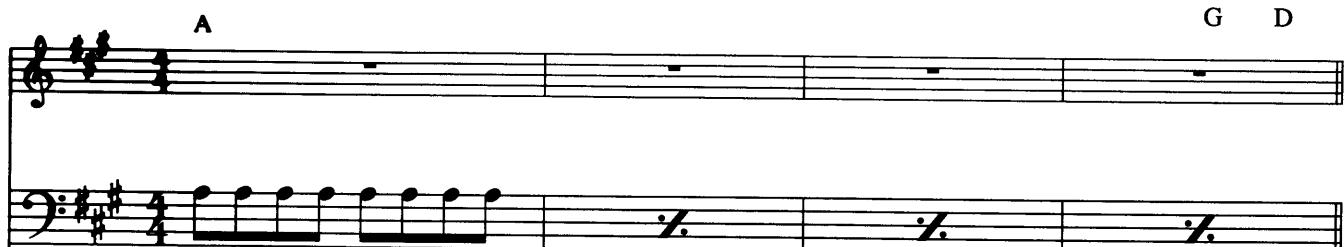
Words and Music By
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A consistent quaver pulse gives this tune a driving rhythm. Paul alternates between the open A string and the 7th fret of the D string for the A an octave higher in this tune. Using a pick he hammers on some tasty fills, for example in bars 4 and 7 of (E). Although the feel is consistent the pattern is very improvised between the A's in octaves.

 = 124

A



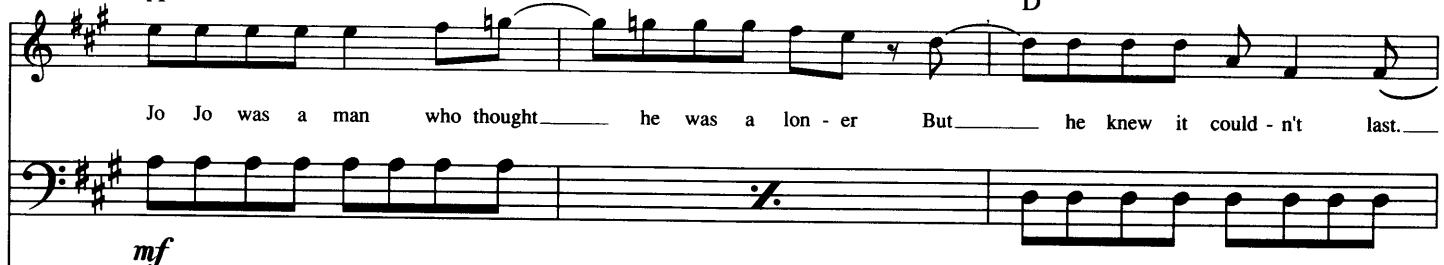
G D

mp gradual cresc.



A Verse

A



Jo Jo was a man who thought _____ he was a lon - er But _____ he knew it could - n't last.

mf



A

Jo Jo left his home in Tucson - son, Ar - i - zo - na for

T
A
B

7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7 | ∕ | ∕ |

B Chorus

D A A

some California grass. Get back, get back.

T
A
B

5-5-5-5-5-5-5 | 7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7 | 7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7 |

D A G D A

Get back to where you once belonged. Get back, get back.

T
A
B

7-7-7-5-7-7-7-7 | 7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7 |

D A

Get back to where you once belonged. Get back Jo Jo.

T
A
B

5-5-5-5-5-5-5 | 7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7 |

C Guitar solo

A

D

G

B 0 7-(7)7-7-7-7-7-7-7 | 7. 5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5

A G D A

Go home.

B 7-7-7-7-5 5 7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7 | 7. .

D Chorus

D

A

G

D

A

Get back, _____

get back. _____

B 5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5 | 7-7-7-7-7-7-7 | 0 7-7-7-7-7-7 | 0

D

A

G

D

Back _____ to where you once be - longed.

Get back, _____

B 7. 5-5-5-5-5-5-5 | 7-7-7-5-7 | 0-0-0-0

A

get back. Back to where you once be - longed.

T
A
B

0 7-7-7-7-7-7-7 | 7-7-7-7-7-7-7 | 3-5

D

E Piano solo

A

Ooh! Get back Jo.

T
A
B

0-0-0-0-0-0-0 | 7-5-7

D

A G D

T
A
B

0 7-7-7-7-7-7-7 | 5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-7 | 0-0 7-7 5-7 | 5-7

A

D

T
A
B

0 7-7-7 0 7-7-5-7 | 0-0 7-5-7 0 7-7 | 5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-7 | 5-7

F Verse

G D A

Sweet Lo - ret - ta Mar - tin thought _____ she was a wo - man / But

A 0 7-7-7-7 0 | 0 7-7-7-7-7 0 | /

B

D A

she was an - oth - er man. _____ All the girls a - round they say

B 5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5 | 0 7-7-5-7 0 | 0 7-7-7-7 0 | 7-7-7-

D

she's got it com - ing But she gets it while she can. _____ Oh get back,

A 0-0 7-7 0 7-7-7 | 5-5-5-5-5-5-5 | 0 7-7-5-7 0 7-7 0 |

G Chorus

A

get back. _____ Get back _____ to where you once be -

A 0 7-7-7 7 0 | 7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7 | 5-5-5-5-5-5-5 |

The image shows a musical score for guitar. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of two sharps. It features four measures of chords: A, G, D, and A. The lyrics "longed." and "Get back, _____" are written below the notes. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of one sharp. It shows a continuous eighth-note pattern. The TAB notation at the bottom provides a fret-by-fret guide for the guitar player, with the first measure showing a sequence of 7-7-7-5-7 followed by a 0, and subsequent measures showing 7-7-7-7 patterns.

D A G D

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is a treble clef staff with four sharps (F#-C#-G#-D#) and a common time signature. It contains three measures of rests. The bottom staff is a bass clef staff with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. It contains three measures of eighth-note patterns. Below the staffs is a tablature for a six-string guitar. The first measure shows strings 6, 5, and 4 muted (0). The second measure shows strings 6, 5, and 4 muted (0). The third measure shows strings 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, and 1 muted (5-5-5-5-5-5).

The image shows a musical score for guitar. The top staff is in treble clef, G major (one sharp), and consists of three measures of silence followed by a single eighth note. The bottom staff is in bass clef, D major (two sharps), and shows a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The tablature below shows the guitar strings with fingerings and muting techniques. The score is divided into sections labeled A, D, G, and P.

J Chorus

D A

— to where you once be - longed. Yeh get back, _____ Get back. _____

H H

5 5 5 5 5-5-5-5 | 7-7-7-5-7-7-7-7-7-5-7 | 0 7-7-7 7-7-7

K

NC

A

Spoken

Ooh.

Drum cue

Ow!

Ow!

Get back Lo - ret - ta,

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is for voice, starting with a treble clef, two sharps, and a key signature of A major. It includes lyrics 'Ooh.', 'Drum cue', 'Ow!', 'Ow!', 'Get back Lo - ret - ta,' and spoken words 'NC' and 'A'. The middle staff is for drums, featuring a bass clef and one sharp. It includes a 'Drum cue' section with a pattern of 'x' marks and a series of eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff is for a guitar or banjo, indicated by a 'T' and 'B' (tunings) at the beginning. It shows a repeating eighth-note pattern: 7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7.

D

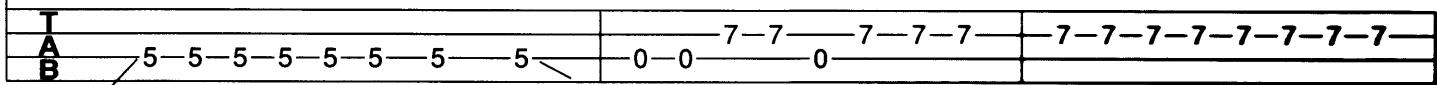
A

G

D

A

your Moth - er's wait - ing for ya! Wearing her high-heeled shoes



D

A

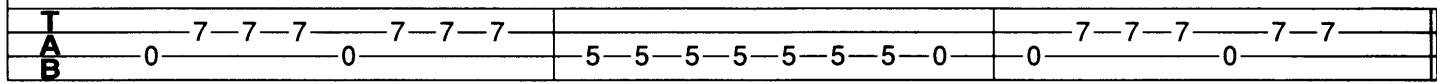
G

D

And her low-necked sweater.

Get on home Loretta.

Get back,



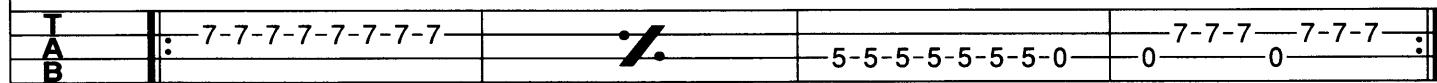
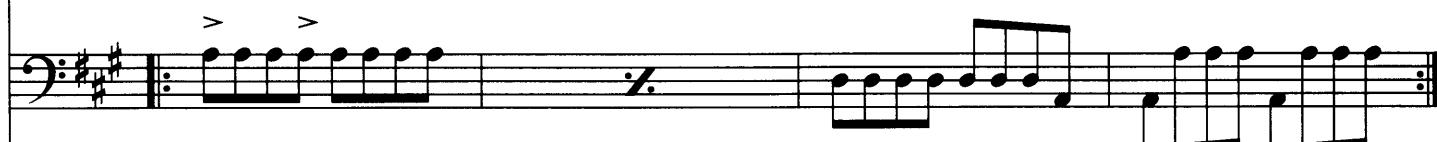
A

D

A

G

D

Ad libs to Fade

Hey Jude

Words and Music By
John Lennon & Paul McCartney

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Paul plays a solid four in a bar feel for this rock ballad, alternating with more urgent eights for bars 4/5 and 9/10 of (C). The third verse (D) sees him improvising on a root-fifth theme for two bars, setting up the fourth bar of the verse with a C major scale to the F. He does the same at the bar before (E), going from F7 to B♭. Notice how, two bars before (G), Paul introduces quaver movement to complement the vocal line. This builds nicely into the round-and-round at the end of the song.

♩ = 74 Slow Rock

A|B Verse 1&2

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The first staff starts with a F chord, followed by a section with lyrics "Hey Jude don't make it bad, don't be afraid, Take a sad song and make it". The second staff starts with an F chord, followed by lyrics "bet - ter, get her. Re - mem - ber The min - ute to let her in - to your heart, Then you can start". The third staff starts with a C7 chord, followed by a section with lyrics "to make it bet - ter. Hey -ter And an - y time you feel the pain,". The music includes various rhythmic patterns such as eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Chords indicated include F, C7, B♭, and F7.

C Bridge

B^b

F/A

Gm

F⁶

C/E

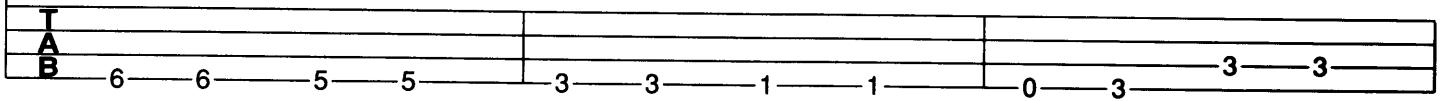


Hey Jude re - frain

Don't car - ry the world

up - on

your shoul -



F

F⁷

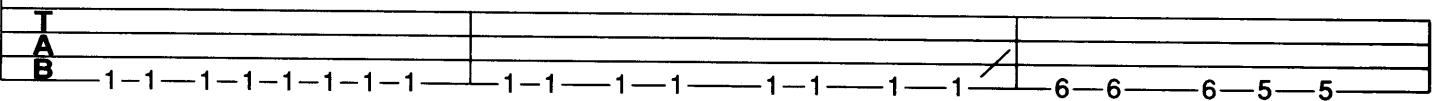
B^b

F/A

- ders.____

For well you know__ that it's__ a fool_____

who plays__ it cool__



Gm

F⁶

C/E

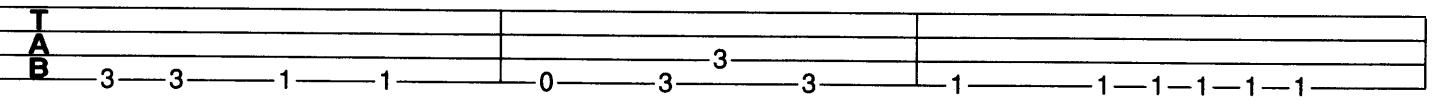
F

By mak - ing his world_____

a lit - tle cold

- der.____

Na na na



F⁷ C⁷ C

na na na na.
Hey ___ Jude ___

T
A
B
1-1-1-1 | 3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3 | 2-3

D Verse 3

F C⁷ C

— don't let me down. You have found her, now go and

T
A
B
3-3-3-3 | 3-3 | 3-2-5-3-5-2

F

B^b

F

get her. Re - mem - ber to let her in - to your heart, Then you can start

T
A
B
3-0-3-3 | 1-3 | 1-0-3-1

C7

F

F7

to make it bet - ter.

So let it out and let it in



T							
A	3						
B	3	3	3	1	1	1	1

1 1 1 1 1 1 0 > 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3

E Bridge
B^b

F/A

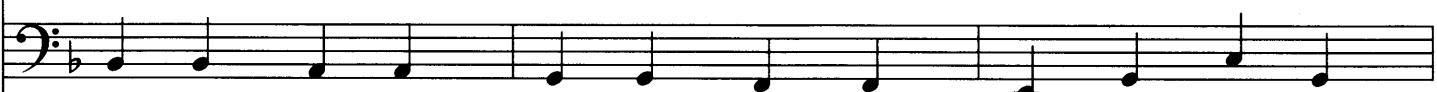
Gm

F⁶

C/E

A guitar solo line in F major (F/A) consisting of eighth-note chords. The line starts with an F chord, followed by an A chord, then an F chord again, and finally an E chord. The lyrics "Hey Jude" are repeated twice.

Hey Jude _____ be - gin, _____ You're wait - ing for some - one to _____ per - form _____



T							
A	1	1	0	0	3	3	1
B	1	1	0	0	3	3	1

1 1 0 0 3 3 1 1 0 3 3 3 3

F

F7

with. _____

And don't you know _____ that it's just you, _____



T							
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 0

B♭ F/A Gm F⁶ C/E

F F⁷ C⁷

[F] Verse 4

F C

C⁷

F

sad song and make it bet - ter,

Re -

T
A
B

3 3 3 1 0 3 1 3 3

B^b

F

C⁷

- mem - ber to let her un - der your skin Then you be - gin to make it bet -

T
A
B

1 3 1 3 3 3 1 3 3 3 3

G Chorus

F

F

- ter bet - ter bet - ter bet - ter bet - ter oh!

Na na na

T
A
B

0 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8

E^b

B^b

F

Repeat to Fade

na na na na,

na na na na,

Hey Jude.

T
A
B

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 8

I Want To Hold Your Hand

Words and Music By
John Lennon & Paul McCartney

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An early example (late 1963) of Paul playing a typical dotted crotchet, quaver, crotchet feel for much of the song. Watch your articulation as the last note of every bar should not go up to the barline. This helps the swing of the track. Also check the consistency of the feel and tempo throughout this track. The Beatles set new standards in time keeping, always sounding relaxed and together, and this is in no small measure due to Paul's excellent grasp of tempo and feel.

$\text{♩} = 132$

T 2-0 | 0-0-0-0 2-0 | 0-0-0-0 2-0 | 0-0-0-0-0-0-0

A 3 | 3 | 3 | 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0

B

[A] Verse 1

G D Em

Oh Yeh, I'll tell you some - thing, I think you'll un - der -

T 0-0-0-0-0-0-0 | 5 5-0-5 | 0 0-0 0-1 | 2 2-2

A 0-0-0-0-0-0-0 | 5 5-0-5 | 0 0-0 0-1 | 2 2-2

B

Bm

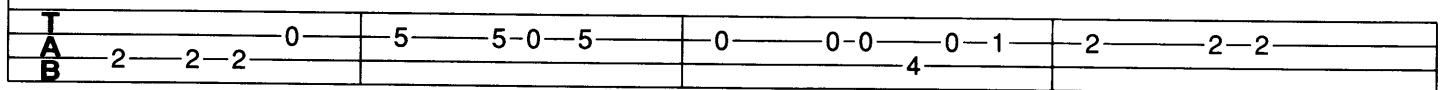
G

D

Em



stand Then I'll say that some - thing, I wan - na hold your hand, —



[B] Chorus

Bm

C

D

G

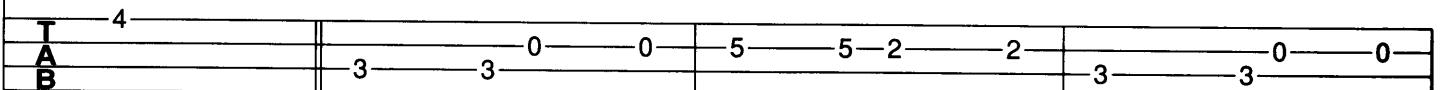
Em

C

D



I wan - na hold your hand, — I wan - na hold your



[C] Verse 2

G

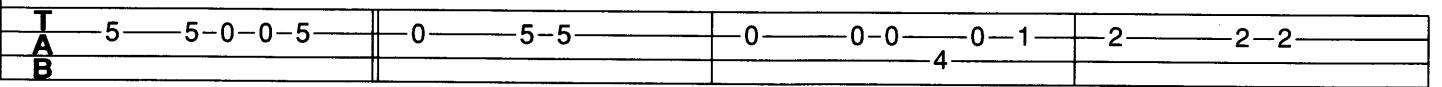
G

D

Em



hand. Oh please — say to me — You'll let me be your



Bm G D Em

man, And please say to me You'll let me hold your hand,

T 4—4-4 0 | 5—5 0—0 0-1 | 2—2 2-2

A

B

[D] Chorus 2

Bm C D G Em C D

— Now let me hold your hand, I wan-na hold your

T 4 | 3 0 | 5 2 | 3 0

A

B

[E] Bridge

G Dm G C

hand. And when I touch you I feel happy in - side,

T 5—5-0—5 | 0—0-0— | 5—5-5— | 3—3-3—

A

B

Am

Dm

G

To Coda ♪ C



It's such a feel - ing that my love I can't hide, —



T	7	—	7-7	0	—	0-0	5	—	5-5	3	—	3-3	2	—	0
A															
B															

D C D C D



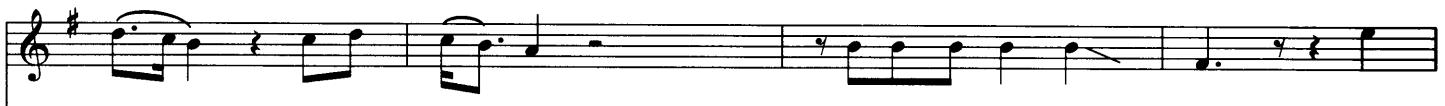
I can't hide, — I can't hide. — Yeh



T	0-0-0	2-0	3	—	0-0-0	2-0	3	—	0-0-0-0-0-0	—	0-0-0-0-0-0	—	
A													
B													

F Verse 3

G D Em Bm



you, — got that some - thing, I think you'll un - der - stand, When



T	5	—	5-0-5	—	0	—	0-7	—	4-5-6	—	7	—	7-7	—	9	—	9-9-0
A																	
B																	

G D Em Bm

I feel that some - thing, I wan - na hold your hand,

T A 5 5 5 | 0 0 0 0 1 | 2 2 2 | 4

B

G Chorus 3 D.% al Ⓛ Coda

C D G Em . C D G

I wan - na hold your hand, I wan - na hold your hand.

T 0 5 2 3 | 0 3 | 5 5 5

B

Coda Ⓛ

C D C D C D

love I can't hide, I can't hide, I can't hide.

T 3 3 3 3 2 0 | 0 0 0 2 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

A

H Verse 4

G D Em

Yeh you, got that some - thing, I think you'll un - der -

T 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 5 5 0 5 | 0 0 0 0 1 | 2 2 2

A

Bm

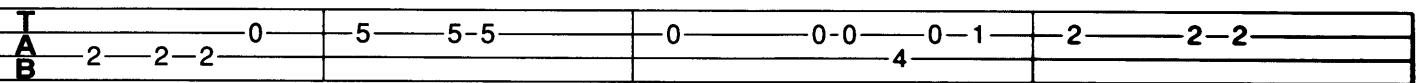
G

D

Em



- stand, When I feel that some - thing, I wan - na hold your hand,



J Chorus 4 / Outro

Bm

C

D

G

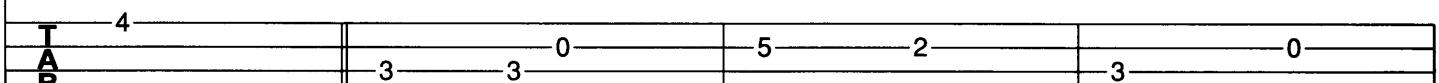
Em

C

D



I wan - na hold your hand, I wan - na hold your



Bm

C

D

rall

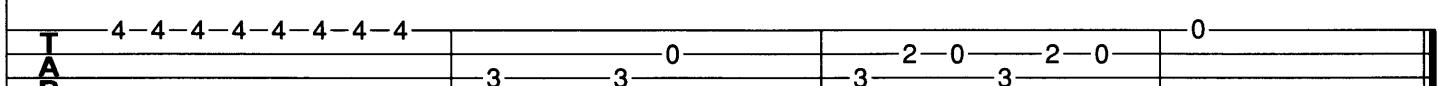
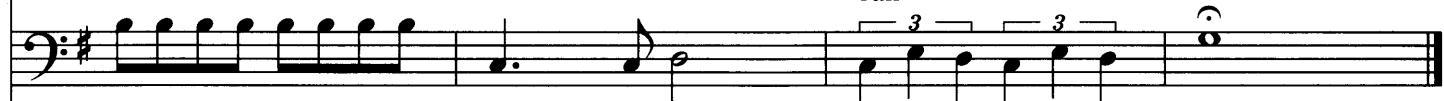


hand,

I wan - na hold your

hand.

rall



We Can Work It Out

Words and Music By
John Lennon & Paul McCartney

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An on-beat four feel for this track. Take care again over the articulation of the feel, making sure the notes are not quite full value. The bridges however, are more legato, so play the notes to their full value.

♩ = 110

A Verse 1

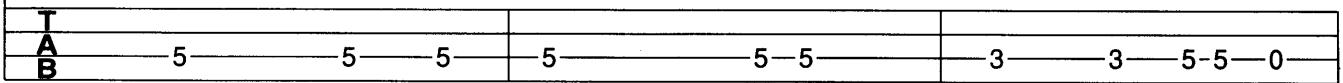
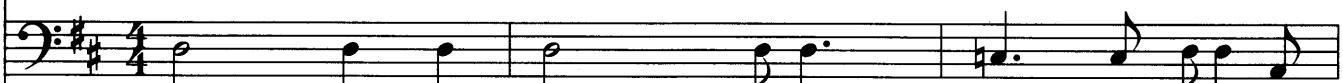
D

C

D



Try to see it my way, — Do I have to keep on talk - ing till I can't go on? —



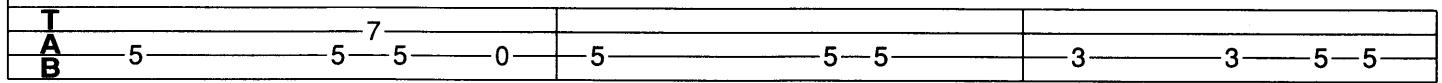
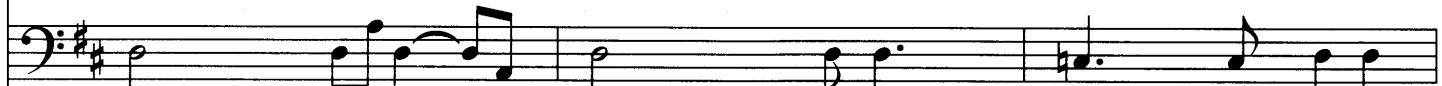
D

C

D



While you see it your way, — Run the risk of know - ing that our love may soon be gone. —



B Verse 2

G

D

G

D

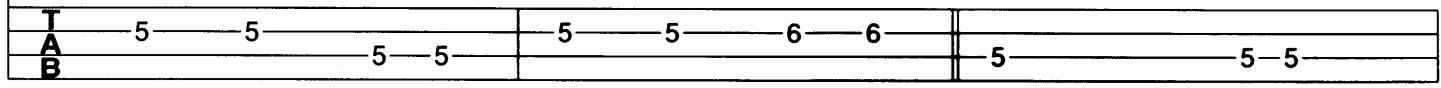
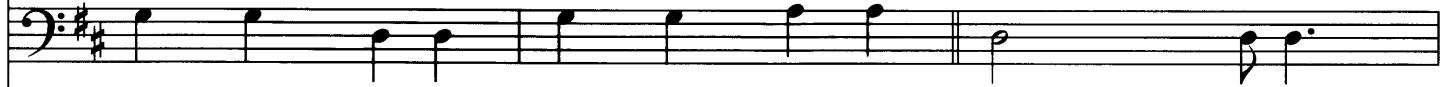
D



We can work it out.

we can work it out.

Think of what you're say - ing,



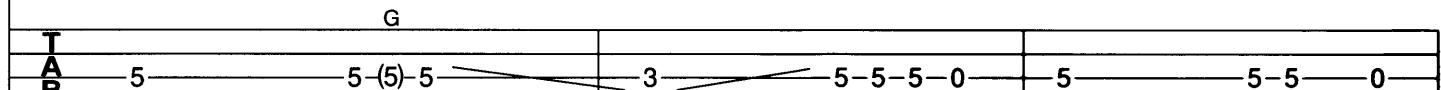
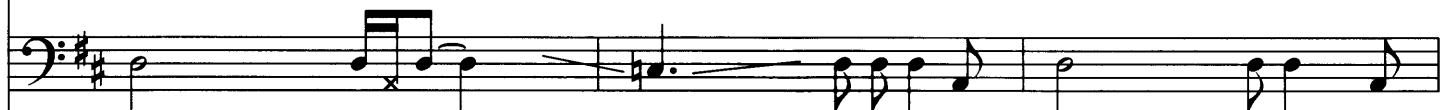
You can get it wrong

and still you think

that it's

al - right,

Think of what I'm say - ing,

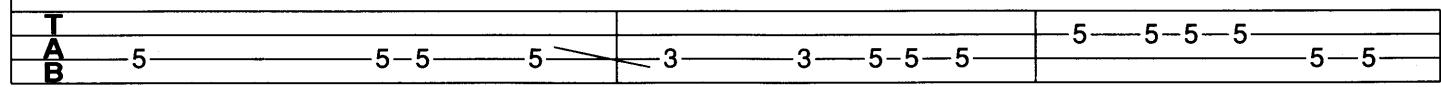


We can work it out

and get it straight,

or say good - night.

We can work it out.



C Bridge

G

A

Bm

Musical staff showing notes in G, A, and Bm chords. The staff consists of two measures separated by a double bar line. The first measure starts with a G chord (three notes) followed by an A chord (two notes). The second measure starts with a Bm chord (three notes).

We can work it out. _____ Life is ve - ry short, _____ and there's no time, _____

Legato

Bass tablature for the bridge section. It shows a single measure with six strings. The notes are: I (5), A (5), B (5), 7, 7, 9. The tab is labeled with I, A, and B above the strings.

Gmaj⁷ F[#]sus⁴ F[#] Bm Bm⁷/A Gmaj⁷ Bm/F[#]

Musical staff showing chords: Gmaj⁷, F[#]sus⁴, F[#], Bm, Bm⁷/A, Gmaj⁷, and Bm/F[#]. The staff has a bracket under the first four chords and another under the last three.

For fuss - ing and fight - ing, my friend,

Bass tablature for the lyrics "For fuss - ing and fight - ing, my friend,". It shows a single measure with six strings. The notes are: 5, 5-5, 5, 4, 4-4, 2, 0, 3, 2.

Bm

Gmaj⁷

F[#]

I have al - ways thought _____ that it's a crime _____ So I will

Musical staff showing notes in Bm, Gmaj⁷, F[#]sus⁴, and F[#]. The staff consists of two measures. The first measure starts with a Bm chord (three notes) followed by a Gmaj⁷ chord (four notes). The second measure starts with an F[#]sus⁴ chord (three notes) followed by an F[#] chord (two notes).

Bass tablature for the lyrics "I have al - ways thought _____ that it's a crime _____ So I will". It shows a single measure with six strings. The notes are: 2-2, 0-1, 2-2, 0-0, 3-3, 5-5, 3-3, 2-2, 4, 2.

D Verse 3

Bm

Bm⁷/A

G

D/F#

D

ask you once a - gain.

Try to see it my way, —

C D

On - ly time will tell if I am right or I am wrong,

While you see it your way, —

H

C D G D

There's a chance that we might fall a - part ————— be - fore too long.

We can work it out. —————

E Middle 2

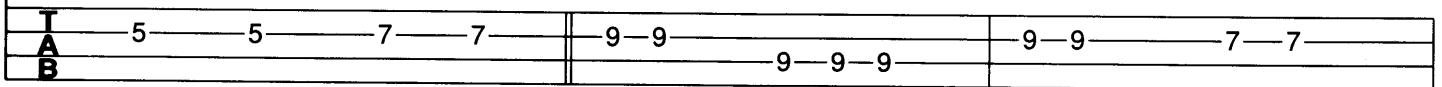
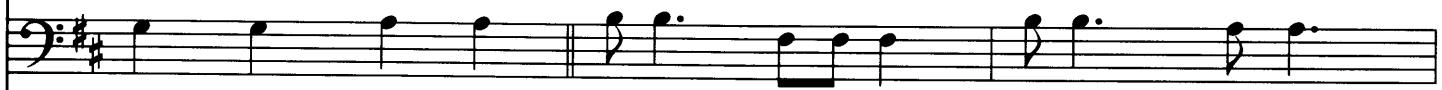
G

A

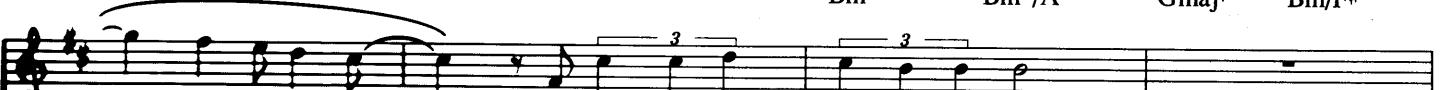
Bm



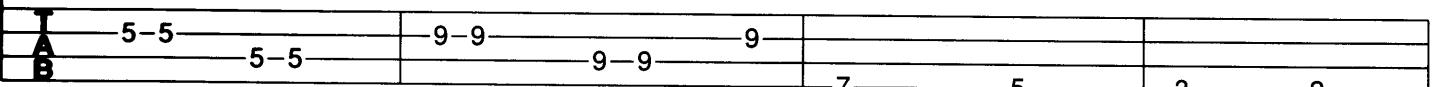
We can work it out. Life is ve - ry short, and there's no time,



Gmaj⁷ F[#]sus⁴ F[#] Bm Bm⁷/A Gmaj⁷ Bm/F[#]



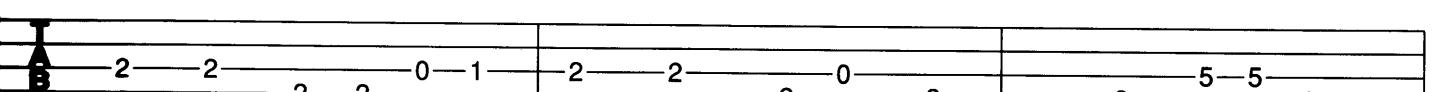
For fuss - ing and fight - ing, my friend,



Bm

Gmaj⁷

I have al - ways thought that it's a crime,



F Verse 4

F^{#sus4} F[#] Bm Bm^{7/A} G Bm/F[#] D

— So I will ask you once a - gain. Try to see it my way, —

T
A
B 2 2 4 4 2 2 0 3 2 5 5 0 0 0

C D

On - ly time will tell if I am right or I am wrong, While you see it your way, —

T
A
B 5 5 0 0 5 3 3 5 5 0 5 0 3

C D G D

There's a chance that we may fall a - part be - fore too long. We can work it out. —

T
A
B 5 0 0 5 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5

G A D

We can work it out. —

T
A
B 5 5 7 7 0 0 0

Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band

Words and Music By
John Lennon & Paul McCartney

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There is a driving 8's feel for this intro, going into broken 8's phrasing with the drums to deliver a consistent groove. Paul reverts to the driving 8's for the band section and then changes back to the broken feel for the chorus. He seamlessly alternates between backing the brass and vocal patterns.

$\text{♩} = 96$

A

C7

T A
B 5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-4 5-5-5-5-4-5-5-4-5-4-5

[A] Verse 1

G G A C G

It was twen-ty years a-go to-day, Ser-geant Pep-per taught the band to play They've been

B 3 3 3 5 5 5 3 3 3 5 3 3 3

G A C G

go - ing in and out of style But they're guar - an - teed to raise a smile. So

T A B

3-3-3 5-5-5 2 3-3-3 5 3-3-3

A C

may I in - tro - duce to you The act you've known for all these years,

T A B

5-5-5-4-5-5-5-5 2 3-3-3-3-3-3-3

G

Ser - geant Pep - per's Lone - ly Hearts Club Band.

T A B

3-3-2-2-3-3-4-5 3-3-2-2-5-5-2-2

Horns C F C

Horns C F C

T A B

3-3-1-1-0-0 3-3-0-0 3-3-0-1 3-3-3-3-3-3-3-4

B Chorus

D

G

B^b

We're Ser - geant Pep - pers Lone - ly Hearts__



T

A 5-0-5-0-5-0-5-0 | 5-0-5-0-5 | 3-3 1-1

B

C

G

C

G

Club Band,___ We hope you will en - joy the show,___



T

A 3-3 3-3 | 3-3-1-1-0-0 | 3-1 3-3-3-1-3-3-3-2

B

G

B^b

C

G

A

Ser - geant Pep - per's Lone - ly Hearts Club Band,___ Sit back and let the eve - ning go.____



T

A 3-3 1-1 | 3-3 1-1 | 5-5-5-0-5-5-5-0

B

D *Horns*

C

G

Ser - geant Pep - per's Lone - ly Ser - geant Pep - per's Lone - ly Ser -



T

A 5 3-3-3 3-3-3 | 3-3-3 5 3-3-3-4

B

C Bridge

C

A C D G

- geant Pep - per's Lone - ly Hearts Club Band. It's won - der - ful to be here, It's

T
A
B 5-5-5-4-5-5-5-3 | 5-3-3-3 || 3-3-1-1-0-0-0-3-3

F C D

cer - tain - ly a thrill. You're such a love - ely au - di - ence, we'd like to take you home with us, We'd

T
A
B 1-1-0-0-3-3-0-3 | 3-3-1-1-0-0-3-3 | 5-0-5-0-5-2-0-2

D Verse 2

G

A

love to take you home. I don't real - ly wan - na stop the show, But I

T
A
B 5-0-5-0-5 | 3-3-3-0-5-5-5-2

C G G A

thought you might like to know, That the sing - er's gon - na sing a song, And he

T
A
B 3-3-3-5-3-3-3-5 | 3-3-3-3-5-5-5-5

C G A

wants you all to sing a - long.
So let me in - tro - duce to you the

A B
3 3 3 5 3 3 3 | 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

C G

one and on - ly Bil - ly Shears.
Ser - geant Pep - per's Lone - ly Hearts Club Band.

A B
3 3 3 3 3 3 1 | 5 3 3 2 2 3 3 4 5

C Horns

Yeh!
legato

A B
3 3 2 2 5 5 3 3 | 3 3 1 1 0 0 3 3 | 3 3 1 1 0 0 3 3

$\text{♩} = 108$

C D E

Bill y Shears.
Guitar cue

A B

Segue to
'With A Little Help From My Friends'

With A Little Help From My Friends

Words and Music By
John Lennon & Paul McCartney

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Paul used a heavily damped sound for this number, achieved by utilising the string mutes built into the bridge on the Rickenbacker 4001. He plays some lovely descending fills using 9ths and 6ths in addition to the chord tones, to give the line a sense of movement and melody. To emulate this feel either put a duster under the strings or use your palm to mute the strings by the bridge.

♩ = 114

[A] Verse 1

E

B/D♯

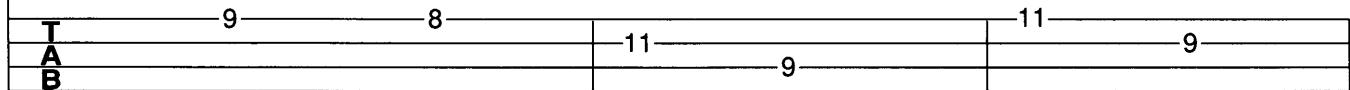
F♯m/C♯

F♯m

B7



What would you think if I sang out of tune, would you stand up and walk out on me.

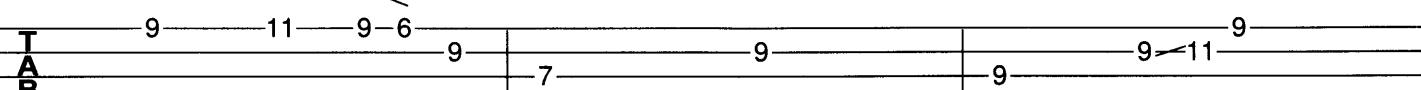
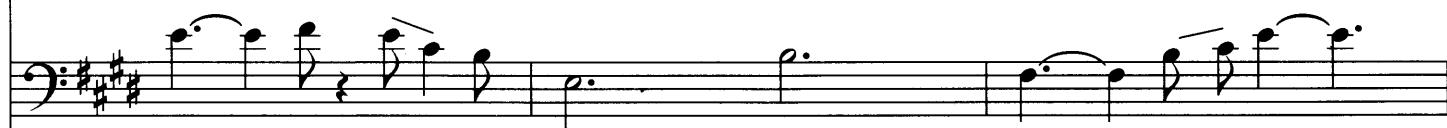


E

B

F♯m

Lend me your ears and I'll sing you a song, and I'll try



B Chorus 1

B⁷ E D A

not to sing out of key. Oh, I get by with a lit - tle help from my friends,

H H H

T A B T A B

9 7 4 5 5 7 7 6

E D A E

Mmm I get high with a lit - tle help from my friends, Mmm gon - na try

9 8 6

T A B T A B

7 7 7 4 5 5 7 6 7 5 4 7

A E B⁷

Drums

with a lit - tle help from my friends.

9 8 6

T A B T A B

5 4 7 4, 4 7 9, 8, 6 9, 7, 9

C Verse 2

E B F#m

What do I do when my love is a - way? Does it wor -

9 13 11 9 11

T A B T A B

7 9 13 11 9 11

Musical score for "How Do I Feel" in G major (two sharps). The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a melody line with notes and rests, corresponding to the lyrics in the bottom staff. The bottom staff shows the lyrics:

- ry you to be a - lone? _____ How do I feel _____ by the end _____

The score includes three chords indicated above the staff: B⁷, E, and B.

Musical score and tablature for bass guitar. The score shows a bass line with various notes and rests. The tablature below shows the corresponding fingerings: T (thumb), A (index), B (middle), and G (ring). The bass line consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

T A B G

	9		9		9	6	9		9		9
T	A	B	G								

D Chorus 2

%% EH Bridge 1&2

F Verse 3

A **E** **B** **F#m**

 Would you be - lieve in a love _____ at first sight? Yes I'm cer -

I
A 7 7 7 7 7 | 9 | 9 9-11

- tain that it hap - pens all the time. _____ What do you see _____ when you turn _____

I 9 | 9 11-9 | 11-9 7 | 7 9

G Chorus 3

with a lit - tle help from my friends, Mm I get high with a lit - tle help from my friends,

T							
A	5	5	7	7	6	7	7
B						7	7
						4	5

Coda Ø

J Chorus 4

D A E A

— with a lit - tle help — from my friends, — Ooh — I get by — with a lit - tle help — from my friends. —

T A B

5 5 7 — 7 6 7 — 6 9 — (5) 7 4 7 — 4 — (4)

G G

E D A

— Yes — I get by — with a lit - tle help — from my friends — with a lit - tle help — from my friends. —

G

A 7 — 7 — 7 — 7 — (0) 5 7

G A E/B

A 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — | 7 — 7 — 7 — 7 — | 9

B 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — | 7 — 7 — 7 — 7 — |

Taxman

Words and Music By
George Harrison

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This is a classic pattern-based McCartney line. The first crotchet (quarter note) of each bar should be played short to give the riff a bounce. Bars 3 and 7 of each verse should have long notes on the first two crotchets which phrase with the rest of the band. At letter (E) he doubles the feel of the pattern to give the middle section more urgency.

 = 138

[A C] Verse

D7

D7

Let me _____ tell you _____ how it _____
per cent _____ ap - pear _____

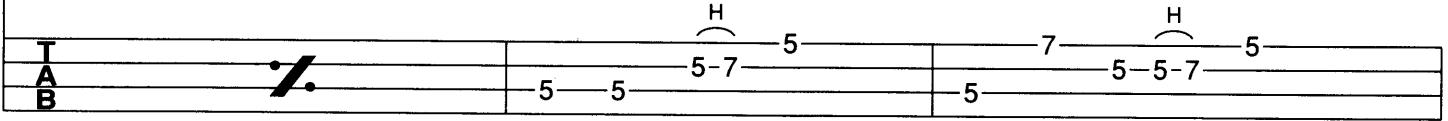


D7#9

D7

— will be,
— too small,

There's one
Be thank -



D7#9

for you, nine teen for me,
ful I don't take it all,

A 7 5-5-7 5 **B** 5 **C** 5-7 5

1.

B Chorus

D7

C7

'Cause I'm the Tax man, Yeah I'm the

A 7 5-6 5 7 3 **B** 5 3-5 3 **C** 5 5-5 3

G

D

Tax man. Should five

A 5 5-5 3 **B** 3 7 5-5-7 5 **C** 5

D Chorus

2. D⁷

'Cause I'm the tax - man, _____ Yeah _____ I'm _____ the

T A
B 5 7-5-7-5-7 | 3 5-5-5 | //

G

D⁷

Tax man. If you drive _____

T A
B 3 5-5-3 | 7-5-5-7-5 | //

E BridgeD⁷

a car, I'll tax the street, If you try _____

T A
B 5-(5) 5-7-5 | 5-(5)-5 | //

C⁷D⁷

to sit, I'll tax your seat, If you get too cold, I'll tax _____

T A
B 5-(5) 5-7-5 | 3-3-3-3-3 | 5-(5) 5-7-5 | //

C

— the heat, — If you take — a walk, — I'll tax — your feet. —

T
A
B

H H
3 3 2-3-2-3

F Guitar solo

D

Tax man. —

H H H H
2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3

H
7 5-5-7 5

D7#9

D

H
5 5-5-7

H
7 5-5-7 5

D7#9

D

'Cause I'm the

H
5 5-5-7

H
7 5-5-7 7

G Chorus

C⁷

Tax man, Yeah I'm the Tax man.

V V

T 5 H 3 G
A 3 5-3-5 (0)

H Verse

D⁷

Don't ask me what I want

A 7 H 5 D 7 H 5

D

it for. A - ah Mis - ter Wil son If you

A 5 H 5 7 5 7 H 5 5-7 5

D

don't want to pay some more A - ah Mis - ter Heath,

A 5 H 5 7 5 7 H 5 5-7 5

J ChorusC⁷

'Cause I'm the Tax man, _____ Yeah _____ I'm the _____

Guitar tablature (A, D, G strings):

T A B	7 5 5-5-7	V	5 3-3-5	V	5 3-3-5 3 5
-------------	-----------------	---	------------	---	----------------------

G

D

Tax man. _____ Now my _____

Guitar tablature (A, D, G strings):

T A B	5 3-3-5 3	V	7 5-5-7 7	H	7 5-5-7 5
-------------	-----------------	---	-----------------	---	-----------------

K Verse

D

ad - vice for those who die, Tax man _____

Guitar tablature (A, D, G strings):

T A B	7 5-5-7	H	5		H	5-7
-------------	------------	---	---	--	---	-----

D⁷

De - clare the pen - nies on your eyes, _____

Guitar tablature (A, D, G strings):

T A B	7 5-5-7					
-------------	------------	--	--	--	--	--

L Chorus

C⁷

Tax man. 'Cause I'm the Tax man,

G

D⁷

Yeah I'm the Tax man. And you're

F

M D

— work — ing — for — no one — but me.

Ad libs to Fade

D⁷^{#9}

D

Discography

All My Loving	With The Beatles. Parlophone PCS 3045
Get Back	Let It Be. Apple PCS 7069
Got To Get You Into My Life	Revolver. Parlophone PCS 7009
Hey Jude	Single only. Apple R5722
I Want To Hold Your Hand	Single only. Parlophone 5084
Sgt Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band	Sgt Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band. Parlophone PCS 7027
Taxman	Revolver. Parlophone PCS 7009
The Ballad Of John And Yoko	Single only. Apple R5786
We Can Work It Out	Single only. Parlophone 5389
With A Little Help From My Friends	Sgt Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band. Parlophone PCS 7027

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